



Natural Gas Services Group, Inc. Conflict Minerals Policy

In July 2010, the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, also known as the Dodd-Frank Act, was signed into law. Although the focus of the Act is financial market regulatory reforms, it also imposes requirements relating to “Conflict Minerals.” Specifically, section 1502 of the Act imposes Security and Exchange Commission (SEC) reporting requirements upon publicly-traded companies whose products contain metals derived from minerals defined as “Conflict Minerals.” “Conflict Minerals” refers to tin, tantalum, tungsten and gold (or derivatives) mined in the eastern provinces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and in the adjoining countries (known as the “Conflict Region”), where revenues may be directly or indirectly financing armed groups engaged in civil war resulting in serious social and environmental abuses..

Natural Gas Services Group, Inc. (“NGS”) is committed to complying with the reporting obligations required under Section 1502 of the Act and any related rules and regulations issued by the SEC. Furthermore, NGS intends to adopt the EICC Due Diligence reporting process and obtain chain of custody declaration from all NGS sourced and managed suppliers ensuring transparency and corporate social responsibility in our supply chain.

In order to do this, NGS has the following expectations from our Suppliers:

- To consider the adoption of a policy regarding conflict minerals
- To provide a timely response to our inquiries and questionnaires
- To provide assistance in reaching out to their suppliers
- To supply “DRC Conflict Free” materials to the best of their ability, i.e. if a conflict mineral is present in the item being supplied, take reasonable steps to ensure that it originates from a non-conflict area or from smelters that have been validated by an independent private sector party to be conflict free
- To inform us of any materials supplied that are not “DRC Conflict Free”